(SEM-VI) THEORY EXAMINATION 2018-19 **MICROWAVE ENGINEERING** 

Roll No.

# Time: 3 Hours

Note: 1. Attempt all Sections. If require any missing data; then choose suitably.

## SECTION A

#### 1. Attempt all questions in brief.

- Differentiate dominant and degenerative mode in waveguide. a.
- Write any two properties of E-plane tee microwave device. b.
- Define cut-off wave number (kc).show that kc  $^{2} = \omega^{2} \mu \epsilon$  for loss less dielectric. c.
- Define insertion loss? d.
- What are the applications of reflex klystron? e.
- f. How microwave solid state device is different from low frequency devices.
- State the differences between TWT and klystron. g.

# **SECTION B**

#### 2. Attempt any three of the following:

- Explain the working principle of IMPATT diode. How does the electric field and hole a. concentrations varies with the input ac signal.
- What is electron transfer mechanism? Explain the operation and working of Gunn b. diode.
- What is directional coupler? What are the different types of directional coupler? c. Explain the working principle of 2-hole directional coupler. Also determine its S matrix
- Explain the construction, working and application of microwave isolators. d.
- What do you mean by E-plane tee and H-plane tee? Compare their propagation e. characteristics.

# SECTION C

### Attempt any one part of the following: 3.

- A  $TE_{11}$  mode is propagating through a circular waveguide. The guide is air filled and (a) has a diameter of 12 cm. Calculate: (Given X'<sub>11</sub>=1.841) (i) Cut off frequency (ii) Guide wavelength for the frequency of 2.5GHz (iii) Wave impedance at 2.5 GHz frequency.
- Why is Magnetron called cross field device? What is meant by  $\pi$  mode operation in (b) Magnetron containing eight cavity resonators? Describe how strapping separates the  $\pi$ mode from other possible modes.

### 4. Attempt any one part of the following:

- Explain Gunn Effect with respect to two valley model. Draw the graph between (a) applied electric field and current density across Gunn diode.
- (b) A rectangular cavity resonator has dimension a=7.5 cm, b=4 cm and c=16 cm. calculate cut- off wave number and phase constant.  $7 \ge 1 = 7$

### 5. Attempt any *one* part of the following:

- Classify different types of microwave amplifiers and oscillators. Discuss (a) Working principle of avalanche transit time devices.
- What is circulator? Discuss its theory of operation and suggest its applications. (b)

#### Attempt any one part of the following: 6.

- With the help of functional diagram, explain the working principle of two cavity (a) Klystron amplifier. Calculate optimum length of drift space, maximum efficiency, and voltage gain.
- What are the various methods for measuring frequency? Discuss them in details. (b)

#### 7. Attempt any one part of the following:

- Show that the TM<sub>01</sub> and TM<sub>10</sub> modes in rectangular waveguide do not exist. (a)
- Discuss method to measure impedance of load. Indicate the use of smith chart in this (b) measurement.

 $7 \ge 3 = 21$ 

x 1 = 7

Total Marks: 70

Sub Code: REC 601

 $7 \times 1 = 7$ 

 $7 \times 1 = 7$ 

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 $7 \times 1 = 7$