(Following Paper ID and Roll No. to be filled in your Answer Books)

Paper ID: 110601

Roll No.

B.TECH.

Theory Examination (Semester-VI) 2015-16 COMPUTER NETWORKS

Time: 3 Hours Max. Marks: 100

Note: Attempt questions from all Sections as per directions.

Section-A

Attempt all parts of this section. Answer in brief.

 $(2 \times 10 = 20)$

- Q1. (a) Given the IP address 180.25.21.172 and the subnet mask 255.255.192.0, what is the subnet address?
 - (b) What is count-to-infinity problem?
 - (c) The filters used in telephony end offices limit high frequency components on telephone lines. What is its cut-off frequency when ADSL modems are used on customer lines?

- (d) Measurement of slotted ALOHA channel with infinite number of users show that the 10 percent of slots are idle.
 - (i) What is the channel load?
 - (ii) What is the throughput?
- (e) What is the net mask of the gateway interface in a subnetwork where maximum of 25 hosts exist and IP address of one of the hosts is 192.168.1.1?
- (f) A typical socket-server application responds user requests using TCP over a specified port. What is the typical sequence in terms of socket functions on server side?
- (g) How many layers are there in X.25 protocol? Enlist the layers.
- (h) Define routing. In what way it is different from switching?
- (i) What are the applications of Computer Networks?
- (j) Give an example of packet Meta data.

Section-B

- 2. Attempt any five questions from this section. $(10 \times 5=50)$
- (a) A rectangular wave-guide (a = 2 cm b = 1 cm) filled with deionized water (μ=l, ξ = 81) operates at 3 GHz. Determine all propagating modes and corresponding cut-off frequencies.

- (b) (i) An ALOHA network uses 19.2 Kbps channel for sending message packets of 100 bits long size. Calculate the maximum throughput for pure ALOHA network.
 - (ii) What is unicast routing? Discuss unicast routing protocols.
- (c) How does DNS perform data name resolution? What are the different types of name servers? Mention the DNS message format for query and reply messages.
- (d) Explain TCP congestion control algorithm in internet. What is TCP segment header? Also discuss TCP connection management.
- (e). What is the total delay (latency) for a frame size of 10 million bits that is being set up on link with 15 routers, each having queuing time of 2μs and a processing time of 1 μs? The length of link is 3000km. The speed of light inside the link is 2×10⁸ m/sec. The link has bandwidth of 6Mbps.
- (f) What is OSI Model? Explain the functions and protocols and services of each layer?
- (g) What is IP addressing? How it is classified? How is subnet addressing is performed?

(2)

Section-C

Attempt any two questions from this section. $(15\times2=30)$

- 3. (i) If fragmentation needed in concatenated virtual circuit internets or only in datagram systems? Explain.
 - (ii) What is hamming code? Explain its working with suitable example.
- 4. Answer each question:
 - (i) Find the class of each address
 - (a) 140.213.10.80
 - (b) 52.15.150.11
 - (ii) What is the type of the following address?
 - (a) 4F::A234:2
 - (b) 52F::1234:2222
 - (iii) What is congestion? Name the techniques that prevent congestion.
- 5. Write short notes on any three of the following:
 - (i) DNS in the internet
 - (ii) Voice Over IP
 - (iii) SNMP
 - (iv) Electronic mail
 - (v) File Transfer Protocol