Printed Pages: 6	4	AS-303
(Following Paper II	D and Roll No. to be Answer Book)	filled in your
Paper ID :199312	Roll No.	IIIII

B.Tech.

## (SEM. III) THEORY EXAMINATION, 2015-16 MATHEMATICS-III

[Time:3 hours] [MaximumMarks:100]

**Note:** Attempt all questions from each Section as indicated. The symbols have their usual meaning.

## Section-A

1. Attempt all parts of this section. Each part carry 2 marks.

 $(2 \times 10 = 20)$ 

- (a) Show that w=iz is the rotation of the z-plane through an angle  $\pi/2$  in the counterclockwise direction.
- (b) Determine and classify all the singularity of

$$\frac{1}{z(z-2)^5} + \frac{1}{(z-2)^z}$$
.

- (c) Define Fourier Transform of a function f(x).
- (d) Find the Z-Transform of  $\{(-1)^n\}$ .
- (e) Define Probability density function.
- (f) What is Karl Pearson's coefficient of skewness.
- (g) Show that  $\nabla \Delta = -\nabla \Delta$ .
- (h) Define Bisection method.
- (i) What is cubic spline?
- (j) Find missing value in following table:

Χ	45	50	55	60	64
Υ	3	-	2	-	-2.4

Section-B

Attempt any five questions from this section.  $(5 \times 10 = 50)$ 

2. (a) Show that the function defined by  $f(x) = \sqrt{|xy|}$  is not regular at origin, although Cauchy-Riemann equations are satisfied.

(2)

(b) Determine the analytic function f(z) = u + iv, in terms of z, whose  $u - v = e^x(\cos y - \sin y)$ .

- 3. (a) Find inverse Z-Transform of  $\frac{1}{(z-5)^{-3}}$ , when z > 5
  - (b) Solve the following difference equation using Ztransform  $u_{n+2}+2u_{n+1}+u_n=n, u_0=u_1=0.$
- 4. (a) In a normal distribution, 31% of the items are under 45 and 8% are over 64. Find the mean and standard deviation of the distribution. It is given that if  $f(t) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \int_0^t e^{-\frac{1}{2}x^2} dx$ , when of (0.5)=0.19, and f(1.4)=0.42.
  - (b) In a bombing action, there is a 50% chance that any bomb will strike the target. Two direct hits are needed to destory the targey completely. How many bombs are required to be dropped to give a 99% chance of better of completely destroying the target.
- 5. (a) Find to four places of decimal, the smallest root the equation  $e^{-x} = \sin x$ .
  - (b) From the following table find the value of  $e^{0.24}$ .

Х	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.5
Υ	1.10517	1.2214	1.34986	1.49182	1.64872

3800

6. (a) The distance covered an athlete for the 50 meter race is given as:

Time (sec)	0	1	2	3	4	5	6
Distance (meter)	0	2.5	8.5	15.5	24.5	36.5	50

Determine speed of the athlete at t=5 sec correct to two decimal.

- (b) Evaluate  $\int_0^1 \frac{dx}{1+x^2}$  using Simpson's 3/8th rule, by taking h=1/6.
- 7. (a) Evaluate using Cauchy intergral formula.  $\oint_C \frac{\sin \pi z^2 + \cos \pi z^2}{(z-1)(z-2)} dz, \text{ where C is the circle } |z| = 4.$ 
  - (b) Find the Fourier Sine transform of:

$$f(x) = e^{-ax}$$
, for  $x \ge 0$  and  $a > 0$ .

hence show that,

$$\int_0^\infty \frac{a \sin ax}{a^2 + a^2} da = \frac{\pi e^{-ax}}{2}$$

- 8. (a) Six coins are tossed 6400 times. Using the Poisson distribution, determine the probability of getting six heads x times.
  - (b) Using Newton's divided difference formula find a polynomial which takes the values 3, 12, 15, -21 when x has the values 3, 2, 1 and -1 respectively.
- 9. (a) using Milne's method, solve  $\frac{dy}{dx} = 1 + y^2$  with initial conditions.

$$y(0)=0$$
,  $y(0.2)=0.2027$ ,  $y(0.4)=0.4228$ ,  $y(0.6)=0.6841$ , find  $y(0.8)$ .

(b) Find the value of y (0.6) by Ranga Kutta fourth order method taking h=0.2 for the initial value problem:.

## Section-C

- 10. Attempt any two parts of this Section. (15x2=30)
  - (a) Apply calculus of residues to evaluate.

$$\int_0^\infty \frac{x \sin x}{x^2 + a^2} dx, a > 0.$$

3800

(b) Solve the equation. 
$$\frac{\partial u}{\partial t} = \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial t^2}, x > 0, t > 0$$

Subject to the conditions:

(i) 
$$y = 0$$
 when  $x = 0$ , (ii)  $f(x) = \begin{cases} 1, 0 < x < 1 \\ 0, x > 1 \end{cases}$  (iii)  $u(x,t)$  is bounded.

- (c) The first four moments about working mean 28.5 of a distribution are 0.294, 7.144, 42.409, and 454.98. Calculate the moments about mean. Also calculate  $\beta_1$  and  $\beta_2$  and comment upon the skewness and kurtosis of the distribution.
- (d) Use Gauss-Seidal method to solve the following equations,

$$2x+10y+z = 51$$
$$10x+y+2z = 44$$
$$x+2y+10z = 61$$